# **Report Regarding Fire Service Charges**



May 15, 2024

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# 1. Executive Summary

#### 1.1 Background and Purpose

Since April 1, 2000, the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority ("DC Water" or the "Authority") has assessed a fire protection fee to the District of Columbia (the "District") based on Title 21 DCMR, Chapter 21, Section 4103 Fire Protection Service Fee. The fire protection fee is intended to recover certain costs incurred by the Authority including, but not limited to, the ability to deliver water for firefighting as well as upgrading and maintaining fire hydrants.

The fee was initially set at \$217 per fire hydrant per year in 2000. A Memorandum of Understanding was executed on October 25, 2007 (the "2007 MOU") by DC Water and the District of Columbia Fire and EMS Department ("FEMS"). Among the purposes of the 2007 MOU is the definition of the parameters for a series of operating and capital improvements for fire protection service and the achievement of nozzle uniformity in the fire hydrants. Significant investments were made in the Water System by DC Water pursuant to the 2007 MOU.

In 2013, DC Water and FEMS executed the 2013 MOU, which superseded and supplemented the 2007 MOU. Among the purposes of the 2013 MOU is to memorialize the commitments of the parties with regard to the Fire Hydrant Risk Assessment, Repair, and Replacement Program. The most recent Memorandum of Understanding was executed on December 15, 2023 by DC Water and the FEMS (the "2023 MOU") which supplements the 2013 MOU. The purpose of the 2023 MOU is to add a third standard fire hydrant manufacturer to the current selections to increase competition.

Previous studies of the cost of fire protection services and the resulting fee to the District were prepared in calendar years 2006, 2009, 2011, 2015, 2018, and 2021. The current fire protection fee is \$11,535,000 per year for fiscal years 2022 through 2024. The purpose of this cost of service study and resulting Fire Service Charges Report (the "Report") is to assess the appropriate level of cost recovery required from the District government for fire protection service and to recommend an appropriate fee for the 2025 through 2027 fiscal years.

#### 1.2 Methodology

The approach that was taken in computing the cost of service involves a two-step process: 1) identifying and summarizing those costs that are directly assignable to the fire protection service provided to the District (e.g., the cost of replacing a hydrant), and 2) identifying those costs that should be allocated, in part, to fire protection service. The second step consists of allocating certain costs between general water service and fire protection service using a methodology that is known as base-extra capacity; i.e., a division of costs between what is required for the provision of service on an average day and the extra capacity needed to meet maximum, or peak day demand. The base-extra capacity method is an accepted cost of service approach in the water industry. Fire protection is provided to: a) the general public through public fire hydrants and the infrastructure needed to supply water of sufficient quantity and pressure to the hydrants, and b) to individual customers that receive additional fire protection through privately-owned hydrants,

standpipes or sprinkler connections. Based on the estimated units of service in each category, the total fire protection costs of DC Water are assigned to the District and to private fire customers.

Except where noted, all references to years in the Report refer to the fiscal years of the Authority which begin on October 1<sup>st</sup> and end on September 30<sup>th</sup>. Actual costs were provided by DC Water for this Report for 2019 through 2023. Since the 2023 fiscal year ended just prior to the publication of this Report, the figures presented for 2023 are considered preliminary projections. In a similar manner, there are certain allocated costs shown for the 2020 fiscal year in this Report which have changed somewhat from the prior Report; the figures presented at that time for 2020 were also preliminary projections. The differences in 2020 costs between the prior and current Reports are not material. Projections of direct costs for the current year (2024) and future years (2025 through 2027) were also provided by DC Water.

### 1.3 Findings

A summary of the key findings of this study is presented below.

- 1. In 2006 and 2007, DC Water's total annual investments in fire protection assets and services (operating and capital spending, prior to the amortization of certain capital costs) were \$1.5 million and \$6.4 million, respectively. The annual investments were much greater after execution of the 2007 MOU, reaching a peak of \$17.0 million in total annual costs in 2008, followed by \$15.7 million in investments in 2009. Following those two years with the highest level of investment (2008 and 2009), the actual annual total spending for fire protection service for the fourteen-year period of 2010 through 2023 ranged from \$5.8 million to \$12.2 million. Annual costs are increasing however; particularly in the post-pandemic period after 2022. Total annual costs in the period of 2019 through 2021. The reasons for the higher costs include increasing complexity of testing, repair and replacement which require additional staff time and effort, hydrant replacements are more difficult (the more routine replacements were completed in prior years), DC Water is filling previously vacant positions, inflation, supply chain shortages, and better tracking of supporting costs.
- 2. The total spending represents both direct costs and allocated costs; the allocated public fire costs are relatively small representing about 8.4% of the long-term total of direct and allocated public fire costs from 2019 through 2027. The illustration of historical (2019-23) and projected (2024-27) fire protection costs, including both direct and allocated costs, is presented in Table 1. Additional information concerning these costs, including the methodology and the assumptions used, is presented in the Report.
- 3. The annual charge to the District, as computed herein, is based on the sum of:
  - ✓ Direct operation and maintenance ("O&M") expenses,
  - ✓ Allocated expenses,
  - ✓ A share of annual investments in fire protection assets as noted above, funded on a cash basis, and

✓ A share of principal and interest payments on DC Water bonds, the proceeds of which have been used to pay for the majority of the above-mentioned annual investments in fire protection assets.

Expenses are generally increasing with inflation in labor as well as supplies, parts and equipment. Debt service is increasing as the repayment of new investments is added to the existing fire-related principal and interest payments on DC Water bonds.

- 4. In 2020 and 2021, the District paid in full the fire protection service bill of DC Water of \$12,527,000. In 2022 and 2023, the District paid in full the fire protection service bills of DC Water of \$11,535,000. The payment of \$11,535,000 is expected again in 2024.
- 5. At the time of the previous Report, it was expected that the level of annual investment and maintenance had reached a relatively stable pace and that inflation in upcoming costs would be modest. However, post-pandemic costs of fire protection were greater than anticipated. As a result, the District payments are less than the cost of service in 2022 through 2024. In aggregate, District payments for fire protection service during the period of 2006 through 2024 are less than DC Water's aggregate costs for fire protection services; the Authority's costs are reflected in both operating expenses as well as capital investments. For purposes of calculating an annual fire protection fee, we amortize certain capital costs. This approach enables the District to pay for certain capital costs over the long-term, as DC Water does. The estimated cumulative balance due from the District at the end of 2024 after reconciling all payments and calculated fees is \$5,727,689.
- 6. The District has the option to pay the cumulative balance due in 2025, and then pay equal annual amounts to reflect the average cost of service in each year for 2025 through 2027. Alternatively, if DC Water elects to spread the recovery of prior balances consistent with past practice: assuming that the cumulative balance due is repaid in equal amounts over the next three years, the calculated annual fire protection fee is \$17,575,000 each year for 2025 through 2027.
- 7. The projected costs of service and resulting calculated annual fire protection fee are based on the continuation of hydrant testing at the standard required in the 2013 MOU; i.e., testing each hydrant at least every six years. DC Water has indicated its intent to recommend to FEMS to move towards a five-year testing cycle for each hydrant in compliance with National Fire Protection Association ("NFPA") best practices recommendation beginning 2025. Such a shift will increase the cost of service each year, especially for Full-time Assigned Personnel. If FEMS concurs, this will results in an increase in costs that is not reflected in the projected costs of service and resulting calculated annual fire protection fee as presented herein, but will be captured in the reconciliation of fees and costs, or "true-up", to be performed as part of the next report on the cost of fire protection services in three years.

#### 1.4 Summary of Costs/Cost Recovery Options

The figures presented in Table 1 on the following page show the historical cost of fire protection service, the payments made by the District and the reconciliation of costs and payments. Projected amounts are shown for the most recent year (2023), the current year (2024) and the upcoming three years (2025 through 2027). A uniform recovery of the projected 2024 end-of-year balance is used to compute the proposed annual fire protection charge of \$17,575,000 for 2025 through 2027 in line 33.

Chapter 4 of the Report provides supporting data and further discussion of the cost recovery options.

#### **Table 1 - Direct and Allocated Fire Costs** (All amounts in \$)

|    |  |                | (All all       | ounts m       | ФJ             |             |                |                |             |                |
|----|--|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|
|    | Cost Category  | 2019           | 2020           | 2021          | 2022           | 2023        | 2024           | 2025           | 2026        | 2027           |
|    |  |                |                | Historical    |                |             |                | Projec         | ted         |                |
|    | Direct Fire Costs  |                |                |               |                |             |                |                |             |                |
| 1  | Full time assigned personnel costs                                 | 1,289,095      | 1,206,274      | 1,411,581     | 1,592,518      | 1,773,469   | 1,826,673      | 1,881,473      | 1,937,917   | 1,996,055      |
| 2  | Hydrant Parts  | 52.551         | 41,571         | 40,770        | 16,537         | 22,235      | 22.902         | 23,589         | 24,296      | 25,025         |
| 3  | Material & Equipment (Fire Hydrant Program)                        | 500,460        | 416,168        | 145,159       | 230,387        | 318,873     | 328,440        | 338,293        | 348,442     | 358,895        |
| 4  | Hydrant Installation and Restoration                               | 768.017        | 1,098,077      | 583,979       | 631,191        | 914,317     | 941,747        | 969,999        | 999.099     | 1,029,072      |
| 5  | Personnel loaned from other departments (documented via WO)        | 1,847,942      | 2,042,592      | 2,687,650     | 2,670,335      | 2,887,748   | 2,974,380      | 3,063,612      | 3,155,520   | 3,250,186      |
| 6  | DDOT Open Space Permits  | 371,249        | 329,148        | 14,597        | 23,634         | 26,113      | 26,897         | 27,704         | 28,535      | 29,391         |
| 7  | Paid to Fire Department for Inspection Services (NTE)              | 0              | 023,140        | 14,007        | 20,004         | 20,110      | 20,007         | 27,704         | 20,000      | 23,331         |
| 8  | Fire Protection Cost of Service Study                              | 0              | 0              | 38,127        | 0              | 0           | 49,955         | 0              | 0           | 51,454         |
| 9  | Burden applied to DC Water personnel costs                         | 1,598,478      | 1,495,780      | 1,538,623     | 1,735,845      | 1,933,081   | 1,972,807      | 2,031,991      | 2,092,951   | 2,155,739      |
| 10 | Burden applies to Personnel loaned (Hourly Rate, Salary Rate & OH) | 2,291,448      | 2,532,815      | 2,929,539     | 2,910,665      | 3,147,645   | 3,212,331      | 3,308,701      | 3,407,962   | 3,510,200      |
| 11 | Burden applied to Parts  | 32,581         | 2,332,013      | 2,929,559     | 7,938          | 10,673      | 10,535         | 10,851         | 11,176      | 11,512         |
| 12 | Burden applied to Material & Equipment                             | <u>310,285</u> | 258,024        | <u>69,676</u> | <u>110,586</u> | 153,059     | <u>151,082</u> | <u>155,615</u> | 160,283     | <u>165,092</u> |
| 13 | Subtotal Direct Costs  | 9,062,108      | 9,446,224      | 9,479,269     | 9,929,635      | 11,187,213  | 11,517,747     | 11,811,826     | 12,166,181  | 12,582,620     |
| 15 |  | 3,002,100      | 9,440,224      | 3,473,203     | 9,929,033      | 11,107,213  | 11,517,747     | 11,011,020     | 12,100,101  | 12,302,020     |
|    | Allocated Fire Costs   |                |                |               |                |             |                |                |             |                |
| 14 | Fire Share of Water Base Costs @ 0.5%                              | 574,719        | 496,117        | 522,971       | 536,510        | 631,445     | 682,839        | 703,324        | 724,424     | 746,156        |
| 15 | Fire Share of Peak Costs; percentage varies: 1.83% from 2022-2027  | 272,756        | <u>516,827</u> | 568,088       | <u>631,828</u> | 736,218     | 788,708        | 812,369        | 836,740     | 861,842        |
| 16 | Subtotal   | 847.475        | 1,012,944      | 1,091,058     | 1,168,338      | 1,367,663   | 1,471,547      | 1,515,693      | 1,561,164   | 1,607,999      |
| 17 | Allocated Public Fire Costs  | 643,459        | 768,072        | 829,454       | 888,707        | 1,040,326   | 1,119,640      | 1,153,229      | 1,187,826   | 1,223,461      |
| 18 | Total Direct and Allocated Fire Costs                              | 9,705,567      | 10,214,297     | 10,308,723    | 10,818,342     | 12,227,539  | 12,637,387     | 12,965,055     | 13,354,007  | 13,806,081     |
| 23 | PAYGO %  | 60.1%          | 29.1%          | 56.7%         | 27.0%          | 61.6%       | 59.2%          | 28.2%          | 23.7%       | 27.6%          |
| 24 | Less: Construction Costs not Paid via PAYGO                        | 306,167        | 778,273        | 252,813       | 460,573        | 351,017     | 383,763        | 696,905        | 762,075     | 745,329        |
| 25 | Expense- Related Fire Costs  | 9,399,401      | 9,436,024      | 10,055,910    | 10,357,769     | 11,876,522  | 12,253,625     | 12,268,150     | 12,591,932  | 13,060,752     |
| 26 | Capital Costs to be Amortized                                      | 306,167        | 778,273        | 252,813       | 460,573        | 351,017     | 383,763        | 696,905        | 762,075     | 745,329        |
| 20 | Debt Service Allocation Ratio Based on Cumulative Costs            | 1.4%           | 1.4%           | 1.3%          | 1.3%           | 1.2%        | 1.2%           | 1.2%           | 1.1%        | 1.0%           |
| 21 | Debt Service Allocation Ratio Based on Cumulative Costs            | 1.4 %          | 1.4 70         | 1.370         | 1.370          | 1.2 70      | 1.2 70         | 1.270          | 1.170       | 1.0 %          |
| 28 | Debt Service to be Allocated (Excludes Issuances Prior to 2007)    | 160,754,197    | 171,061,509    | 174,832,493   | 181,683,031    | 204,028,164 | 218,449,255    | 240,575,644    | 268,081,033 | 298,369,470    |
| 29 | Fire Share of Debt Service   | 2,275,688      | 2,438,891      | 2,308,909     | 2,413,176      | 2,444,494   | 2,637,838      | 2,929,777      | 3,049,111   | 3,097,741      |
| 30 | Total Annual Costs   | 11,675,089     | 11,874,915     | 12,364,819    | 12,770,945     | 14,321,016  | 14,891,463     | 15,197,927     | 15,641,044  | 16,158,493     |
| 19 | District Payment   | 12,527,000     | 12,527,000     | 12,527,000    | 11,535,000     | 11,535,000  | 11,535,000     |                |             |                |
| 31 | Annual Difference  | 851,911        | 652,085        | 162,181       | -1,235,945     | -2,786,016  | -3,356,463     |                |             |                |
| 32 | 2006-24 Cumulative Difference (Payments vs.Costs)                  | 836,469        | 1,488,554      | 1,650,735     | 414,790        | -2,371,226  | -5,727,689     |                |             |                |
| 33 | Level charges (2025-27) including catch-up                         |                |                |               |                |             |                | 17,575,000     | 17,575,000  | 17,575,000     |
| 55 | Letter charges (2020-27) including caten-up                        |                |                |               |                |             |                | 17,070,000     | 17,575,000  | 17,575,000     |

#### Notes

(A.) Direct fire protection costs are provided by DC Water for FY 2019 - FY 2027.

(B.) Allocated fire costs are anticipated to grow in proportion to the forecasted budgetwhich assumed 3.0% annual rate of increase in expenses for FY 2025 - FY 2027.

(C.) Public fire allocation percentages are provided in section 5.3 of the Appendix. It is assumed that the FY 2024 - FY 2027 public fire hydrant percentage stays the same as FY 2023. (D.) Line 23 is the actual moneys from operations, including revenues from System Availability Fees and from Clean River Impervious Area Charges, as percentage of the total sources for capital construction.

(E.) Line 27 allocation ratio is based on cumulative fire construction costs divided by cumulative bond proceeds in each year starting with Series 2007 A&B and continuing through Series 2022 A&B&C&D&E.

(F.) Line 28 includes debt service payments on subordinate bonds and senior lien bonds starting with the Series 2007 A&B and continuing through anticipated future issuances, commercial paper, EMCP and capital equipment financing. (G.) Debt service payments on bonds used to refund Series 2003 and 2004 bonds are excluded.

(H.) Positive annual difference indicates revenue received is more than the cost of service, negative annual difference indicates the revenue received is less than the cost of service.

(I.) Total annual cost for FY 2020 on Line 30 reflect actual FY 2020 operating expenses which are slightly higher than the preliminary figures used in the prior report.

## 1.5 A Note of Thanks

The Amawalk Consulting Group team wishes to express its appreciation to the representatives of DC Water who provided information to assist us in the preparation of this Report.

# 2. Background

#### 2.1 Purpose

The District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority ("DC Water" or the "Authority") has assessed a fire protection fee to the District of Columbia (the "District") since April 1, 2000. This fee is intended to recover costs incurred by DC Water for fire protection service provided by the Water System of DC Water. The purpose of this cost of service study is to assess the appropriate level of cost recovery required from the District government for this service.

This study Report presents actual operating and financial data for five (5) fiscal years (2019 through 2023) to illustrate the historical cost of service versus the payments received from the District for such service. It is noted that the 2023 costs are preliminary and may be subject to change. As noted in the 2021 Report<sup>1</sup>, the 2020 costs provided at the time were preliminary. The final 2020 costs used in this Report are slightly higher than what was used in the 2021 Report. The anticipated costs for the current year (2024) and three (3) upcoming years (2025 through 2027) are presented herein. The presentation incorporates direct costs for fire protection services as well as the allocation of certain costs. The vast majority of costs are direct; allocated public fire costs represent about 8.4% of the total long-term (2019 through 2027) costs of fire protection service. The results of the cost of service calculations will be compared with the revenues produced under historical and current charges and will identify adjustments, where necessary, to provide sufficient revenues to recover the cost for this service.

Since the start of the years of peak investments in fire protection, cumulative annual charges to the District were typically less than the cumulative cost of service. The intent has been to recoup the accumulated differential over time so that all costs incurred are fully reimbursed by District payments. A reconciliation of DC Water costs of service and District payments has been prepared by Amawalk beginning with 2006. From 2008 through 2018, there was a cumulative balance due to DC Water at the end of each year. In 2019 through 2021, the District payments somewhat exceeded the cost of service generating a cumulative credit balance for the District. In 2022 and 2023, the annual charges to the District were less than the cost of service; the credit balance was more than used up in 2023; resulting in a balance due from the District at the end of 2023. The balance due is projected to increase further in 2024, with a projected end-of-year balance due from the District to DC Water of \$5.73 million.

Fire protection service differs from other services offered by water utilities because it is primarily a standby service that is required to be available when the need exists; i.e., as demanded. The development and maintenance of the supply, treatment, pumping, storage and distribution capacity for fire protection service requires: a) capital investments in facilities that are designed larger than would otherwise be required to be able to accommodate fire demand, and b) annual operation and maintenance ("O&M") expenses to ensure that the assets are appropriately maintained and provide service as needed. Fire protection is provided to both the general public (through public fire hydrants and the infrastructure needed to supply water of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Report Regarding Fire Service Charges, DC Water, prepared by the Amawalk Consulting Group, dated March 10, 2021.

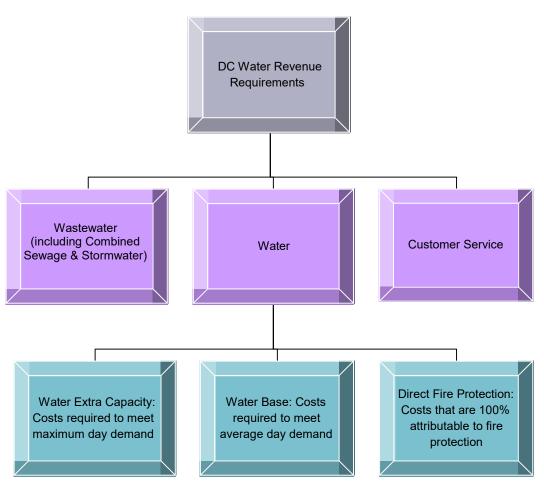
sufficient quantity and pressure to the hydrants) and to individual customers that receive additional fire protection through privately-owned hydrants, standpipes or sprinkler connections. The private fire connections provide a direct service and benefit to individual properties that is separate from the services provided to the general public.

#### 2.2 Methodology

The results of the most recent study of fire protection costs and revenues for DC Water were presented in a Report dated March 2021. Similar study reports were prepared in September 2006, January 2009, November 2011, February 2015, and February 2018. Costs that are directly assignable to the fire protection service (e.g., the cost of replacing a hydrant) are shown as direct costs. In addition to direct costs, certain other costs should be allocated to fire protection. The approach that was taken in the previous studies for allocating costs between general water service and fire protection service used a methodology that is known as base-extra capacity; i.e., a division of costs between what is required for the provision of service on an average day and the extra capacity needed to meet maximum, or peak day demand. The base-extra capacity method is an accepted approach in the water industry. The allocated fire protection costs are divided between public and private fire protection based on the number of equivalent connections in these two groups.

DC Water provides not only water service, but also wastewater and stormwater services to its customers. The determination of the cost of fire protection service requires that costs unrelated to water be separated and not included in the computation of fire protection service costs. It also requires that costs attributable to multiple services be appropriately allocated among the services provided. Figure 1 provides a graphical overview of the cost of service methodology.





All of the annual costs of the Authority are categorized according to three functions: wastewater (including sanitary sewage, combined sewerage, combined sewer overflow ("CSO") abatement and stormwater), water and customer service. As illustrated in Figure 1, water-related costs are separated into three parts. The Water Base costs are those required to meet average day demand. The vast majority of water costs are expected to be assigned to Base Costs. The Water Extra Capacity Costs should reflect the cost associated with meeting the peak day demand. Direct fire protection costs are shown separately.

A portion of the annual cost of fire protection is expense-related, such as costs related to inspection and repair of hydrants and related appurtenances. Other costs are categorized as capital improvements; e.g., the replacement of hydrants and related sections of pipe and valves together with the technical analyses supporting such replacement. Accounting policy typically dictates which costs must be categorized as an expense versus which costs can be classified as capital. DC Water's Capitalization Policy is presented in Section 5.4 of the Appendix. Annual O&M expenses are typically paid from annual revenues. As noted previously, capital improvements can be funded either on a PAYGO (pay-as-you-go, or cash-financed) basis (i.e., from annual revenues) or through the issuance of debt, the proceeds of which would pay for the capital improvements. The debt would then have to be repaid through annual principal and

interest payments (collectively referred to as "debt service"). This Report illustrates the cost of service and calculated rate with certain assumptions regarding those costs that are classified as annual operating expenses and other costs that are capital-related. The assumptions are identified herein.

DC Water also receives federal grants towards the cost certain capital projects; however, these grants do not apply to fire hydrants or related appurtenances or any other direct costs of fire protection services. Thus, such grants are not considered in this study as potential offsets to the direct cost of fire protection.

The total cost of fire protection service equals direct fire protection costs plus allocated costs.

#### 2.3 Data and Assumptions Used in This Study

Highlights of the data and assumptions used to develop the cost of fire protection service are shown below.

#### **Direct Fire Protection**

- Hydrant installation and restoration costs that are directly attributable to fire protection are assigned by Authority representatives to operating expense and capital in accordance with DC Water's Capitalization Policy. The costs shown for 2019 through 2023 reflect actual results<sup>2</sup>.
- The costs shown for 2019 through 2027 have been provided by the Authority. The projected costs for 2024, the current year, and the estimates in each year for 2025 through 2027 are significant but less than the annual costs incurred in peak cost years of 2008 and 2009.
- Costs incurred by DC Water in 2023 were higher than the relatively stable level of costs • in 2019 through 2022. DC Water has indicated that there is presently a high level of service required in hydrant replacements and repairs and the impacts of the service level and inflation on labor and parts and supplies are being reflected in an increased cost of service. Hydrant replacements are more difficult (the more routine replacements were completed in prior years), DC Water is filling previously vacant positions and implemented better tracking of supporting costs. The Authority anticipates continuing to perform most of the future hydrant-related projects with in-house personnel instead of outside contractors to optimize costs. More overtime work has been required. DC Water has further advised that the costs incurred in 2023 form a reasonable base from which projections of costs can be made for future years. All references in this Report to DC Water performing more fire protection-related work in-house in lieu of contracting-out are preliminary and subject to change. DC Water will periodically evaluate the costeffectiveness of using in-house labor versus outsourced in order to select the most appropriate service delivery method.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As noted previously, the 2023 results are preliminary

- Direct fire protection, other than hydrant installation and restoration (e.g., personnel, parts, permits), also reflect actual costs incurred in 2019 through 2023, subject to final figures for 2023. The projected costs in each year for 2024 through 2027 were also provided by DC Water.
- The cost of preparing the fire protection cost of service study is included starting with the 2021 Report which was initiated in 2020. Budgeted costs are included for this Report (2024) and projected costs are shown for the next report in 2027.
- We assume that the proceeds of debt are used to pay for most fire protection-related capital costs and that fire protection costs are capitalized at the same ratio as DC Water's overall capital spending, i.e., some percentage of fire costs were and will continue to be funded by PAYGO. As DC Water utilizes a higher percentage of PAYGO (compared to previous years) as part of its overall capital management, it is prudent to make similar assumptions in the capitalization of fire costs.

The next step is to estimate the portion of the debt service that is attributable to fire protection capital spending. The allocation ratio in each year is calculated by comparing the cumulative fire protection capital costs up to that year (i.e., those fire protection capital costs not paid through PAYGO) and the cumulative proceeds of bonds issued for all DC Water assets up to that same year.

In the third step, debt service payments for fire protection are calculated by multiplying the allocation ratio times actual and projected debt service payments for DC Water. Debt issued prior to 2007 and the resulting debt service on such debt is excluded because there were no fire protection costs tracked prior to 2006. Similarly, debt service payments for bonds that were used to refund debt that was issued prior to 2007 are excluded. When the refunding applies to both pre-2007 debt and post-2007 debt, the portions of refunding principal that are pre- and post-2007 to total borrowing for that bond issue are estimated. Debt that is issued to refund outstanding bonds is not treated as new principal. The calculation of the allocation ratios used in this study is provided in Section 5.5 of the Appendix.

#### Allocation of Certain Base and Extra Capacity Costs

In order to assign a portion of the total allocated costs to fire protection, a number of assumptions are utilized:

- The maximum day allocation for water used in fire protection is calculated as follows:
  - Design basis 2 fires for 5 hours at 3,500 gallons per minute. This is the fire design basis as reported by DC Water in 2008 in its discussions with the Insurance Services Office (ISO). Additional information regarding the ISO can be found on its website at http://www.iso.com
  - Maximum day fire use 2.1 million gallons per day (the calculated product of the above figures).
  - This Report presents the updated Design Fire Demand factors for 2013 to 2022 (maximum day fire use divided by peak Water System demand) which range from

1.42% to 1.83% for the allocation of fire costs – the percentage factor is increasing over time since the maximum day fire use remains constant but peak daily volumes are declining.

- This Report utilizes average day and peak day deliveries of water as reported by DC Water Department of Water Operations and the Washington Aqueduct through 2022. The average day usage and peak usage includes unbilled water.
- Water used in fire operations was assumed in the prior reports to be 0.5% of average day usage and, thus, 0.5% of base water costs. The range of values assigned to water used in fire operations for large systems is typically in the range of 0.5 1.0%. This Report continues to use the value of 0.5% of average day use based on the large size of District. The fire protection share of peak costs is calculated based on the ratio of base and peak demand.
- O&M expense for DC Water as a whole is first assigned to wastewater and water expenditures, recognizing that wastewater includes sanitary sewage, and combined sewage and stormwater. The O&M expense for water, net of other water costs and non-water costs (wastewater), was assigned based on the weighted ratio of pumping facilities' staffing levels to water supply staffing levels, in the following manner:
  - ▶ 90.4% to base and 9.6% to peak in 2019;
  - ➢ 69.5% to base and 30.5% to peak in 2020;
  - ➢ 67.6% to base and 32.4% to peak in 2021;
  - ▶ 68.2% to base and 31.8% to peak in 2022; and
  - ▶ 68.4% to base and 31.6% to peak in 2023 and each year thereafter.
- Labor-related O&M expenses (i.e., salaries and wages, plus the total burden) are assumed by DC Water to increase in 2024 and subsequent years at the average rate of 3.0% annually.
- The burden rate for DC Water direct labor is comprised of a fringe benefit factor plus an overhead factor; we add the two percentages to arrive at a total burden rate. The fringe benefit factors (actual and projected) are listed below and reflect figures used for 2019 through 2027:
  - ▶ 62% for 2019 2020;
  - ➢ 61% for 2021 − 2023; and
  - ➢ 62% for 2024 − 2027.

The fringe benefit factors applied to DC Water personnel on loan for fire protection service are the same as the factors used for full-time assigned personnel.

- The overhead factors are listed below and reflect figures for 2019 through 2027:
  - ▶ 62% for 2019 2020;
  - ➤ 48% for 2021 2023; and
  - ➤ 46% for 2024 2027.
- The burden rate for non-personnel expenses of DC Water is comprised of the overhead rate only.
- Debt service is first allocated to water and non-water based on actual capital drawdowns. Water debt service is then allocated between base and peak based on the ratio of base and peak demand for the past 10-years from 2013 to 2022: 61% to base and 39% to peak.

## **Customer Base for Fire Protection**

• Units of service – This Report incorporates the most recent data (February 2024) provided by DC Water.

# 3. Calculation of the Cost of Service

#### 3.1 Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU")

The 2007 MOU and the 2013 MOU, together with the 2023 MOU (described below), collectively, the "MOU", memorialized the commitments of both parties with regard to the Fire Hydrant Risk Assessment, Repair, and Replacement Program. Key elements of the MOU that currently affect this study are summarized below.

- DC Water is required to inspect all public fire hydrants once per year and after each operation in accordance with National Fire Protection Association ("NFPA") guidelines
- FEMS may inspect any public fire hydrants with advanced coordination with DC Water and shall submit a schedule of inspection to DC Water by January 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. Inspections will be conducted between March 1<sup>st</sup> and December 15<sup>th</sup> of each calendar year. DC Water will conduct inspections prior to March 1<sup>st</sup>.
- DC Water shall be responsible for identifying and installing new hydrants as part of its ongoing capital program, developing manuals and protocols for hydrant inspection and inspection data management, and ensuring that the required preventative maintenance is performed on each hydrant as required by the manufacturer.
- DC Water has committed to providing water supply personnel on scene to FEMS when requested for 2 alarm fires or greater.
- DC Water shall be responsible for the repair or replacement of all public fire hydrants on a timely basis.
- In addition to the repairs and replacements, DC Water shall be responsible for upgrading all of the remaining public fire hydrants in the District, based on the funding available for the upgrades in 2013 and each year thereafter.
- DC Water shall conduct a flow test for every public hydrant in the public water distribution system at least once every 6 years as specified in the 2013 MOU, as funding allows. It is anticipated that DC Water may follow the more aggressive NFPA guidelines (which suggests testing every five years) starting in 2025 as explained below.
- In 2013 and each year thereafter, DC Water shall submit a report to FEMS on the number of repairs, upgrades, retrofits, or inspections during the prior quarter by the 45<sup>th</sup> day after the end of the second fiscal quarter. DC Water also shall submit a year-end report to FEMS containing the same information described above for the prior Fiscal Year, as well as all costs incurred by DC Water in carrying out its responsibilities under the MOU.
- Based on the submission of an annual budget and record of auditable expenditures by FEMS, DC Water agrees to pay one-half of the personnel operating costs of FEMS that are related to fire hydrant inspections.
- An independent cost of service study on fire hydrant inspection and repair services, including capital and operating expenses shall be performed every three years.

The 2023 MOU added a third standard fire hydrant manufacturer to the current selections of available hydrants to increase competition.

The projected costs of service and resulting calculated annual fire protection fee are based on the continuation of hydrant testing at the standard required in the MOU; i.e., testing each hydrant at least every six years. DC Water has indicated its intent to recommend to FEMS to move towards

a five-year testing cycle for each hydrant in compliance with NFPA best practices recommendation beginning 2025. Such a shift will increase the cost of service each year, especially for Full-time Assigned Personnel. If FEMS concurs, this will results in an increase in costs that is not reflected in the projected costs of service and resulting calculated annual fire protection fee as presented herein, but will be captured in the reconciliation of fees and costs, or "true-up", to be performed as part of the next report on the cost of fire protection services in three years.

The emphasis of the MOU is on a high quality of hydrants and related appurtenances and their availability to provide service, as needed. DC Water manages over 9,800 fire hydrants; at the time of this Report, it is reported that 45 hydrants, or 0.5%, are out of service according to the Authority's Water Hydrant Dashboard. This value is the sum of out of service hydrants due to defects and other operational activities that are temporary.

#### 3.2 Fire Protection Cost Calculation - Methodology

This part of the Report describes the components of cost and presents the resulting computations for fire protection service.

The annual charge to the District, as computed herein, is based on the sum of:

- $\checkmark$  Identify and summarize costs that are directly assignable to the fire protection services,
- $\checkmark$  Identify and summarize those costs that should be allocated, in part, to fire protect services,
- ✓ A share of annual investments in fire protection assets as noted above, funded on a cash basis, and
- ✓ A share of principal and interest payments on DC Water bonds, the proceeds of which have been used to pay for the majority of the above-mentioned annual investments in fire protection assets.

Based on our discussions with DC Water representatives and the review of data provided, we have computed the fire protection costs for 2019 through 2023 as summarized in Table 2. Information regarding direct costs and allocated costs is presented following Table 2. The breakdown of DC Water full-time personnel costs is presented in Table 2A in the Appendix. This Report also presents the projected costs for 2024 through 2027, shown in Table 7.

|    | Cost Category  | 2019      | 2020       | 2021       | 2022       | 2023       |
|----|--|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
|    |  |           |            | Historical |            |            |
|    | Direct Fire Costs  |           |            |            |            |            |
| 1  | Full time assigned personnel costs                                 | 1,289,095 | 1,206,274  | 1,411,581  | 1,592,518  | 1,773,469  |
| 2  | Hydrant Parts  | 52,551    | 41,571     | 40,770     | 16,537     | 22,235     |
| 3  | Material & Equipment (Fire Hydrant Program)                        | 500,460   | 416,168    | 145,159    | 230,387    | 318,873    |
| 4  | Hydrant Installation and Restoration                               | 768,017   | 1,098,077  | 583,979    | 631,191    | 914,317    |
| 5  | Personnel loaned from other departments (documented via WO)        | 1,847,942 | 2,042,592  | 2,687,650  | 2,670,335  | 2,887,748  |
| 6  | DDOT Open Space Permits  | 371,249   | 329,148    | 14,597     | 23,634     | 26,113     |
| 7  | Paid to Fire Department for Inspection Services (NTE)              | 0         | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          |
| 8  | Fire Protection Cost of Service Study                              |           |            | 38,127     | 0          | 0          |
| 9  | Burden applied to DC Water personnel costs                         | 1,598,478 | 1,495,780  | 1,538,623  | 1,735,845  | 1,933,081  |
| 10 | Burden applies to Personnel loaned (Hourly Rate, Salary Rate & OH) | 2,291,448 | 2,532,815  | 2,929,539  | 2,910,665  | 3,147,645  |
| 11 | Burden applied to Parts  | 32,581    | 25,774     | 19,570     | 7,938      | 10,673     |
| 12 | Burden applied to Material & Equipment                             | 310,285   | 258,024    | 69,676     | 110,586    | 153,059    |
| 13 | Subtotal Direct Costs  | 9,062,108 | 9,446,224  | 9,479,269  | 9,929,635  | 11,187,213 |
|    | Allocated Fire Costs   |           |            |            |            |            |
| 14 | Fire Share of Water Base Costs @ 0.5%                              | 574,719   | 496,117    | 522,971    | 536,510    | 631,445    |
| 15 | Fire Share of Peak Costs; percentage varies: 1.83% from 2022-2027  | 272,756   | 516,827    | 568,088    | 631,828    | 736,218    |
| 16 | Subtotal   | 847,475   | 1,012,944  | 1,091,058  | 1,168,338  | 1,367,663  |
| 17 | Allocated Public Fire Costs  | 643,459   | 768,072    | 829,454    | 888,707    | 1,040,326  |
| 18 | Total Direct and Allocated Public Fire Costs                       | 9,705,567 | 10,214,297 | 10,308,723 | 10,818,342 | 12,227,539 |

# Table 2 – Historical Direct and Allocated Fire Costs (All amounts in \$)

Following the execution of the 2007 MOU, direct fire costs increased significantly over the level of investments in the prior years. The peak level of total direct and allocated public fire costs was \$17.0 million in 2008, followed by \$15.7 million in investments in 2009. For 2010 through 2023, the pace of annual investments has ranged from \$5.8 million to \$12.2 million. The results shown in Table 2 reflect the trend towards no further reliance on contractors to support fire protection, instead using DC Water performed exclusively to perform the work. All references in this Report to DC Water performing more fire protection-related work in-house in lieu of contracting-out are preliminary and subject to change. DC Water will periodically evaluate the cost-effectiveness of using in-house labor versus outsourced in order to select the most appropriate service delivery method. The reasons for the increase in costs post-pandemic include increasing complexity of testing, repair and replacement which require additional staff time and effort, filling previously unfilled positions, inflation, supply chain shortages, and better tracking of supporting costs.

**Direct Costs** –Direct costs are presented using the following categories:

- Full-time assigned personnel (line 1) DC Water personnel who are assigned full-time to hydrant and hydrant-related work.
- Hydrant parts and paint (repairs and retrofit) (line 2) Maintenance-related expenses for hydrants and related appurtenances.
- Material & Equipment (Fire Hydrant Program) (line 3) Maintenance-related expenses for hydrants and related appurtenances.
- Hydrant installation and restoration (line 4) Costs incurred by DC Water for hydrant and hydrant-related work; these costs are assumed to be eligible to be capitalized.
- Personnel loaned from other departments (documented via Work Orders) (line 5) DC Water personnel who are not typically assigned full-time to hydrant and hydrant-related work but provide assistance, as needed.

- Permits (line 6) DC Water has to pay for permits issued by the District for construction-related activities associated with hydrants, valves and water mains.
- Amounts paid to FEMS for inspection services (line 7) The MOU indicates that FEMS would provide inspection services and DC Water would reimburse a portion of its costs for such services.
- Consulting fees for the fire protection cost of service study (line 8) costs incurred by DC Water for the report prepared every three years.
- Burden rate applied to personnel (lines 9 and 10) for fringe benefits and overhead expenses for DC Water personnel costs. The burden rates applied to DC Water personnel on loan for fire protection service are the same as the factors used for full-time assigned personnel.
- Burden for overhead expenses that is applied to DC Water non-personnel costs (lines 11 and 12) The same burden rates (overhead only) are applied to costs for parts and material and equipment.

**Other Costs** of Fire Protection Services – In addition to the direct costs of fire protection, it is appropriate to allocate a portion of the base cost of water service and a portion of the peak cost of water service to fire protection services. The assignment of a share of these costs to fire protection requires consideration of the following factors:

- 1. The range of base day costs attributable to fire for large water systems such as the DC Water system is considered to be between 0.5% and 1.0%, with the largest systems being at the low end of the range and other systems being towards the high end of the range. As a result, we propose to continue using the 0.5% factor that was used in the prior studies including the 2021 Report based on the large size of District. In calculating the share of base costs attributable to fire protection, direct fire costs will be excluded to prevent the double-counting of costs.
- 2. In allocating peak day costs to fire protection, a "Design Fire Demand" of 2 simultaneous fires for 5 hours was used, each requiring 3,500 gallons per minute. The flow attributable to design fire flows or 2.1 MGD divided by the maximum, or peak, day flows represents the fire share of maximum day costs. This Report adjusts the calculated percentage in each year for 2019 through 2022 to reflect the average peak daily usage during those years. It is noted that while average daily demand fluctuated from year to year, average peak daily demand declined.
- 3. Total DC Water O&M expenses are assigned to water service and wastewater service. Operations and maintenance expenses for water service will then be allocated to base usage and peak usage on the basis of staffing levels. We computed the maximum day or peak share of these costs using the ratio of pumping staffing divided by total water operations staffing; the base share of costs are computed using the ratio of non-pumping staffing divided by total staffing. For example, based on actual 2023 results, the following staffing levels are utilized to compute the applicable ratio:

- Pumping Services Staffing = 84 personnel, multiplied by allocation factors which is the percentage of work hours pumping staff spent on water services, to arrive at 59 full-time equivalent positions;
- Water Services Staffing = 187 personnel; and
- Ratio of Base to Peak = 68.4:31.6.

The ratio shown above is applied to operation and maintenance expenses beginning with 2024.

4. Administration expenses are allocated on the basis of the subtotal of expenses by category divided by total of all such expenses times the total administration costs.

A summary of the results of the proposed assignment of costs by year, assuming capitalization of certain hydrant upgrade and replacement costs, is presented in Table 3. The allocations by line item for each year are illustrated in Tables 3A - 3F of the Appendix for 2019 through 2024.

# Table 3 – Annual Costs by Category (All amounts in \$)

|       |             |             |            |             | Wastewater & |            |
|-------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| Year  | Total Costs | Water Base  | Water Peak | Water Other | Storm/CSO    | Fire       |
| 2019  | 509,463,127 | 114,943,815 | 17,313,485 | 21,717,681  | 355,488,147  | 11,675,089 |
| 2020  | 506,617,004 | 99,223,474  | 30,369,724 | 21,081,382  | 355,942,425  | 11,874,915 |
| 2021  | 521,940,559 | 104,594,125 | 33,598,322 | 19,794,469  | 363,953,644  | 12,364,819 |
| 2022  | 549,122,566 | 107,301,943 | 34,600,132 | 19,463,432  | 387,757,059  | 12,770,945 |
| 2023  | 620,130,295 | 126,289,026 | 40,316,706 | 22,054,805  | 431,469,758  | 14,321,016 |
| 2024* | 640,671,535 | 136,567,765 | 43,191,145 | 22,941,731  | 437,970,894  | 14,891,463 |

\* Projected costs.

Allocation Factors – The allocation of a portion of the cost of peak water service to fire protection is based Design Fire Demand as explained in the previous page. For example, for 2022, the maximum day delivery was 115.0 MGD (exhibit 19 of the 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report), resulting in a Design Fire Demand ratio of 1.83%. The following table shows these values for a ten year period. The 2022 percentage will be used for 2023 and subsequent years.

|             | A           | Deal Deal |             |
|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
|             | Average Day | Peak Day  | Design Fire |
| Fiscal Year | (MGD)       | (MGD)     | Demand      |
| 2013        | 95.1        | 129.7     | 1.62%       |
| 2014        | 95.1        | 123.7     | 1.70%       |
| 2015        | 104.5       | 148.4     | 1.42%       |
| 2016        | 99.4        | 127.7     | 1.64%       |
| 2017        | 98.2        | 122.7     | 1.71%       |
| 2018        | 94.1        | 132.5     | 1.58%       |
| 2019        | 96.4        | 133.3     | 1.58%       |
| 2020        | 91.9        | 123.4     | 1.70%       |
| 2021        | 95.1        | 124.2     | 1.69%       |
| 2022        | 95.2        | 115.0     | 1.83%       |
|             |             |           |             |

# Table 4 – Ratio Computation for Design Fire Demand

**Units of Service** – Fire costs can be presented as a per hydrant charge (for public fire protection) and as a per hydrant or fire connection equivalent charge (for private fire hydrants and private fire lines). Table 5 illustrates the number of public fire hydrants in service by year as provided by DC Water. The number of equivalent private fire lines and private hydrants is also shown recognizing that these are estimated at the time of this Report. Table 5 below presents the estimated units of service. Breakdowns of the estimates for each year and calculations of equivalent fire connections are provided in Table 5A of the Appendix presented at end of this Report.

#### Table 5 – Units of Service

|                                   | 2019  | 2020  | 2021  | 2022  | 2023  |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Average number of public hydrants | 9,771 | 9,711 | 9,810 | 9,830 | 9,844 |
| Estimated private hydrants        | 1,298 | 1,296 | 1,294 | 1,293 | 1,294 |
| Estimated private fire lines      | 1,800 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 1,800 |

The allocation of the units of service between public and private fire service is shown in Table 6.

## Table 6 – Public/Private Fire Protection Service & Cost Allocation %

| Year      | 2019   | 2020   | 2021   | 2022   | 2023   |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Public %  | 75.93% | 75.83% | 76.02% | 76.07% | 76.09% |
| Private % | 24.07% | 24.17% | 23.98% | 23.93% | 23.91% |

#### 3.3 **Projected Cost of Service for Fire Protection**

Table 2 illustrated the historical cost of service for 2019 through 2023. Tables 3 through 6 provided supporting information for the historical years. It is appropriate to consider both the current year and a reasonable period of future years to provide information for policy decisions concerning cost recovery. Table 7 provides the projected cost of service for 2024 through 2027. It is noted that Table 7 shows costs in each year; certain of those costs are amortized and

recovered through debt service payments. The figures provided in Table provide the expenses, cash-financed capital and debt service payments that comprise the annual cost of service.

| Table 7 – Projected Direct and Allocated Fire Costs |  |
|---|--|
| (All amounts in \$)                                 |  |

|    | Cost Category  | 2024           | 2025           | 2026       | 2027           |  |
|----|--|----------------|----------------|------------|----------------|--|
|    |  |                | Project        | ted        |                |  |
|    | Direct Fire Costs  |                |                |            |                |  |
| 1  | Full time assigned personnel costs                                 | 1,826,673      | 1,881,473      | 1,937,917  | 1,996,055      |  |
| 2  | Hydrant Parts  | 22,902         | 23,589         | 24,296     | 25,025         |  |
| 3  | Material & Equipment (Fire Hydrant Program)                        | 328,440        | 338,293        | 348,442    | 358,895        |  |
| 4  | Hydrant Installation and Restoration                               | 941,747        | 969,999        | 999,099    | 1,029,072      |  |
| 5  | Personnel loaned from other departments (documented via WO)        | 2,974,380      | 3,063,612      | 3,155,520  | 3,250,186      |  |
| 6  | DDOT Open Space Permits  | 26,897         | 27,704         | 28,535     | 29,391         |  |
| 7  | Paid to Fire Department for Inspection Services (NTE)              | 0              | 0              | 0          | 0              |  |
| 8  | Fire Protection Cost of Service Study                              | 49,955         |                |            | 51,454         |  |
| 9  | Burden applied to DC Water personnel costs                         | 1,972,807      | 2,031,991      | 2,092,951  | 2,155,739      |  |
| 10 | Burden applies to Personnel loaned (Hourly Rate, Salary Rate & OH) | 3,212,331      | 3,308,701      | 3,407,962  | 3,510,200      |  |
| 11 | Burden applied to Parts  | 10,535         | 10,851         | 11,176     | 11,512         |  |
| 12 | Burden applied to Material & Equipment                             | <u>151,082</u> | <u>155,615</u> | 160,283    | <u>165,092</u> |  |
| 13 | Subtotal Direct Costs  | 11,517,747     | 11,811,826     | 12,166,181 | 12,582,620     |  |
|    | Allocated Fire Costs   |                |                |            |                |  |
| 14 | Fire Share of Water Base Costs @ 0.5%                              | 682,839        | 703,324        | 724,424    | 746,156        |  |
| 15 | Fire Share of Peak Costs; percentage varies: 1.83% from 2022-2027  | 788,708        | <u>812,369</u> | 836,740    | 861,842        |  |
| 16 | Subtotal   | 1,471,547      | 1,515,693      | 1,561,164  | 1,607,999      |  |
| 17 | Allocated Public Fire Costs  | 1,119,640      | 1,153,229      | 1,187,826  | 1,223,461      |  |
| 18 | Total Direct and Allocated Public Fire Costs                       | 12,637,387     | 12,965,055     | 13,354,007 | 13,806,081     |  |

The projected personnel costs (salaries and wages) in 2024 through 2027 for lines 1 and 5 above are based on an annual increase of 3% from 2023 and were provided by DC Water. The burden applied to personnel costs in lines 9 and 10 is based on the projected personnel costs times the projected fringe benefit and overhead rates. The 2024 costs not related to personnel (lines 2, 3, 4 and 6) reflect increases of 3% over either the 2023 actual or estimated costs. The burden applied to non-personnel expenses is based on the projected non-personnel costs times the projected rates.

#### 3.4 Comparison of the Cost of Service With District Payments

In 2019 through 2021, the District paid \$12,527,000 each year. In 2022 and 2023, the District paid \$11,535,000 each year. It is anticipated that the District will pay \$11,535,000 in 2024.

Preceding tables have presented both the historical cost of fire protection service (Table 2) and the projected cost (Table 7); these costs are prior to the amortization of certain capital costs. This part of the Report compares the cost of service to DC Water with the payments from the District for fire protection service. Table 8 illustrates a reconciliation of the cost of service (including the effects of amortized costs) with the payments made by the District for 2019 through 2023, together with a projected reconciliation for 2024. The cost of service shown in Table 8 reflects the figures shown in Table 1 earlier in this Report.

# Table 8 – Reconciliation of Fire Costs vs. District Payments (All amounts in \$)

|    | Cost Category                                     | 2019       | 2020       | 2021       | 2022       | 2023       | 2024       |
|----|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
|    |   |            |            | Historical |            |            | Projected  |
| 30 | Total Annual Costs                                | 11,675,089 | 11,874,915 | 12,364,819 | 12,770,945 | 14,321,016 | 14,891,463 |
| 19 | District Payment                                  | 12,527,000 | 12,527,000 | 12,527,000 | 11,535,000 | 11,535,000 | 11,535,000 |
| 31 | Annual Difference                                 | 851,911    | 652,085    | 162,181    | -1,235,945 | -2,786,016 | -3,356,463 |
| 32 | 2006-24 Cumulative Difference (Payments vs.Costs) | 836,469    | 1,488,554  | 1,650,735  | 414,790    | -2,371,226 | -5,727,689 |

The calculation of the proposed annual payment assumes that most capital-related fire protection costs are paid for from the proceeds of bonds, with the remainder of such costs being paid for on an annual (cash) basis. The amount due in each year reflects the estimated debt service on those bonds plus the PAYGO amounts, plus operation and maintenance expenses.

#### 3.5 Recommendation

The capacity made available to private fire connections provides both value and benefit to those customers. Presently the cost of fire protection service for private connections is being borne by all water customers. We respectfully suggest that DC Water consider the following steps so that it may consider whether or not to establish a separate charge for private fire protection service:

- Complete the inventory of private fire hydrants and private fire lines; and
- Include the development of private fire line charges in the scope of the next comprehensive rate study.

# 4. Cost Recovery Options

It is assumed that the accumulated balance of District payment obligations is to be recovered over the three-year period of 2025 through 2027. No interest factor is assumed for the outstanding balance of the accumulated costs and underpayments/overpayments.

The proposed annual fire protection fee assumes that DC Water's construction-related costs for fire protection are capitalized to a large extent; i.e., most of the costs are paid for through the proceeds of bonds and the debt service on those bonds must be paid each year through the maturity of the bonds. The remaining portions of such costs are treated as PAYGO. For the period of 2019 through 2027, the PAYGO percentages range from a low of 23.7% in 2026 to a high of 61.6% in 2023; the percentages reflect the calculated actual or anticipated percentage of the CIP that DC Water has financed or expects to finance with PAYGO in each year.

To compute debt service attributable to fire protection, fire protection investments to date at a given point in time are added and that result is divided by the sum of the proceeds of all bond issues (excluding refunding bonds) for that same time period. The resulting percentage is debt service attributable to fire protection which can be multiplied by total DC Water debt service in a given year to arrive at the debt service attributable to fire protection. Debt issued prior to 2007 and the resulting debt service on such debt is excluded because there were no fire protection costs tracked prior to 2006. Table 9A in the Appendix provides the results of the percentage calculations.

The annual District payments have reduced and then eliminated the amounts owed to DC Water through 2021; the trend was reversed starting in 2022. The net obligation due to the District of is expected to increase to \$5,727,689 at the end of 2024.

If DC Water desired to request that the District pay in 2025 the approximately \$5.73 million in accumulated, unreimbursed costs incurred by DC Water as projected, there would be a substantial one-time increase in receipts in that year followed by equal annual amounts in subsequent years to reflect the average cost of service as well as the absence of the repayment of the cumulative obligation to DC Water. Under such a scenario, the District would make one payment of \$5.73 million and three annual payments of \$15,665,000 in 2025 through 2027.

If no one-time catch-up payment is requested, adding the projected accumulated obligation evenly over the next three years to the projected cost of service results in an annual charge to the District of \$17,575,000 for 2025 through 2027. This technique of applying the accumulated obligation evenly over the subsequent three years has been used by DC Water in its billings to the District in prior years.

# Table 9 – Amortized and Expensed Direct & Allocated Fire Costs(All amounts in \$)

|    | Cost Category   | 2019        | 2020        | 2021        | 2022        | 2023        | 2024        | 2025        | 2026        | 2027        |
|----|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|    |   |             |             | Historical  |             | I           | Projected   |             |             |             |
| 18 | Total Direct and Allocated Fire Costs                           | 9,705,567   | 10,214,297  | 10,308,723  | 10,818,342  | 12,227,539  | 12,637,387  | 12,965,055  | 13,354,007  | 13,806,081  |
|    | PAYGO %   | 60.1%       | 29.1%       | 56.7%       | 27.0%       | 61.6%       | 59.2%       | 28.2%       | 23.7%       | 27.6%       |
| 24 | Less: Construction Costs not Paid via PAYGO                     | 306,167     | 778,273     | 252,813     | 460,573     | 351,017     | 383,763     | 696,905     | 762,075     | 745,329     |
| 25 | Expense- Related Fire Costs                                     | 9,399,401   | 9,436,024   | 10,055,910  | 10,357,769  | 11,876,522  | 12,253,625  | 12,268,150  | 12,591,932  | 13,060,752  |
| 26 | Capital Costs to be Amortized                                   | 306,167     | 778,273     | 252,813     | 460,573     | 351,017     | 383,763     | 696,905     | 762,075     | 745,329     |
| 27 | Debt Service Allocation Ratio Based on Cumulative Costs         | 1.4%        | 1.4%        | 1.3%        | 1.3%        | 1.2%        | 1.2%        | 1.2%        | 1.1%        | 1.0%        |
| 28 | Debt Service to be Allocated (Excludes Issuances Prior to 2007) | 160,754,197 | 171,061,509 | 174,832,493 | 181,683,031 | 204,028,164 | 218,449,255 | 240,575,644 | 268,081,033 | 298,369,470 |
| 29 | Fire Share of Debt Service                                      | 2,275,688   | 2,438,891   | 2,308,909   | 2,413,176   | 2,444,494   | 2,637,838   | 2,929,777   | 3,049,111   | 3,097,741   |
| 30 | Total Annual Costs  | 11,675,089  | 11,874,915  | 12,364,819  | 12,770,945  | 14,321,016  | 14,891,463  | 15,197,927  | 15,641,044  | 16,158,493  |
| 19 | District Payment  | 12,527,000  | 12,527,000  | 12,527,000  | 11,535,000  | 11,535,000  | 11,535,000  |             |             |             |
| 31 | Annual Difference   | 851,911     | 652,085     | 162,181     | -1,235,945  | -2,786,016  | -3,356,463  |             |             |             |
| 32 | 2006-24 Cumulative Difference (Payments vs.Costs)               | 836,469     | 1,488,554   | 1,650,735   | 414,790     | -2,371,226  | -5,727,689  |             |             |             |
| 33 | Level charges (2025-27) including catch-up                      |             |             |             |             |             |             | 17,575,000  | 17,575,000  | 17,575,000  |

#### Notes

(A.) Line 23 is the actual moneys from operations, including revenues from System Availability Fees and from Clean River Impervious Area Charges, as percentage of the total sources for capital construction.

(B.) Line 27 allocation ratio is based on cumulative fire construction costs divided by cumulative bond proceeds in each year starting with Series 2007 A&B and continuing through Series 2022 A&B&C&D&E.

(C.) Line 28 includes debt service payments on subordinate bonds and senior lien bonds starting with the Series 2007 A&B and continuing through anticipated future issuances, commercial paper, EMCP and capital equipment financing. (D.) Debt service payments on bonds used to refund Series 2003 and 2004 bonds are excluded.

(E.) Positive annual difference indicates revenue received is more than the cost of service, negative annual difference indicates the revenue received is less than the cost of service.

(F.) Total public fire cost for FY 2020 reflect actual FY 2020 operating expenses which are slightly higher than the preliminary figures used in the prior report.

# 5. Appendix

### 5.1 Supporting Information for Table 2

Tables 2A below presents the breakdown for DC Water full-time personnel costs.

# Table 2A – Components of Full-time Personnel Costs

|                           | FY 2023   | FY 2024<br>(Projected) |
|---------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Water Services Worker 06  | 74,572    | 76,809                 |
| Water Services Worker 08  | 315,431   | 324,894                |
| Water Services Worker 09  | 382,926   | 394,414                |
| Water Services Worker 10  | 765,122   | 788,076                |
| Foreman, Water Services   | 235,417   | 242,480                |
| Grand Total Manpower Cost | 1,773,469 | 1,826,673              |

## 5.2 Supporting Information for Table 3

The tables presented below present the allocation of costs by year for Water Base, Water Peak, Water Other, Wastewater and Fire Direct for 2019 through 2024. Please note that the figures are presented in thousands of dollars. A significant portion of the increase in costs between 2021 and 2022 is attributable to debt service on DC Water obligations.

|   | 2019 Actual | Water   | Water  | Water      | Wastewater & |
|---|-------------|---------|--------|------------|--------------|
| Category                                | (\$000)     | Base    | Peak   | Other      | Storm/CSO    |
| Operating Expense                       |             |         |        |            |              |
| Wastewater Treatment - Operations       | 77,024      |         |        |            | 77,024       |
| Wastewater Treatment - Process Engineer | 6,892       |         |        |            | 6,892        |
| Wastewater Engineering                  | 1,740       |         |        |            | 1,740        |
| Water Operations                        | 23,863      | 21,563  | 2,300  |            |              |
| Water Quality and Technology            | 3,436       | 3,105   | 331    |            |              |
| Sewer Operations                        | 15,916      |         |        |            | 15,916       |
| Maintenance                             | 18,867      | 1,193   | 127    |            | 17,546       |
| Pumping Operations/DDCS                 |             |         |        |            |              |
| Water Purchase                          | 32,430      | 32,430  |        |            |              |
| Net Distribution & Conveyance           | 20,071      | 14,139  | 1,508  |            | 4,424        |
| Engineering and Technical Services      | 21,564      | 6,810   | 726    | 1,020      | 13,007       |
| Customer Experience                     | 32,311      | ,       |        | 16,156     | 16,156       |
| Permits                                 | 3,192       | 2,249   | 240    | -,         | 704          |
| Clean Rivers                            | 2,175       | , -     |        |            | 2,175        |
| Administration                          | 68,622      | 21,550  | 1,384  | 4,542      | 41,145       |
| Less: Fire O&M                          | -9,399      | -8,493  | -906   | <b>,</b> - | , -          |
|   |             | ·       |        |            |              |
| Debt Service                            |             |         |        |            |              |
| Jennings Randolph Bonds                 | 805         | 518     | 287    |            |              |
| 1998 Revenue Bonds                      | 23,281      | 4,495   | 2,489  |            | 16,297       |
| Capital Equipment Financing             | 0           | 0       | 0      |            | 0            |
| Series 2007A Subordinate Bond           | 0           | 0       | 0      |            | 0            |
| Series 2008A Subordinate Bond           | 0           | 0       | 0      |            | 0            |
| Series 2009A Revenue Bond               | 0           | 0       | 0      |            | 0            |
| Series 2010A Revenue Bond               | 10,864      | 1,544   | 855    |            | 8,466        |
| Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond | 20,923      | 1,505   | 834    |            | 18,584       |
| Series 2013A Subordinate Bond           | 14,905      | 991     | 549    |            | 13,365       |
| Series 2014A Revenue Bond               | 16,749      |         |        |            | 16,749       |
| Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond        | 19,466      | 1,294   | 717    |            | 17,455       |
| Series 2015A, B Subordinate Bond        | 19,412      | 2,313   | 1,281  |            | 15,818       |
| Series 2016 Subordinate Bond            | 28,843      | 3,437   | 1,903  |            | 23,503       |
| Series 2016B Subordinate Bond           | 853         | 87      | 48     |            | 719          |
| Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond       | 16,973      | 1,723   | 954    |            | 14,296       |
| Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond            | 18,279      | 3,894   | 2,157  |            | 12,228       |
| Commercial Paper                        | 827         | 127     | 70     |            | 629          |
| EMCP                                    | 856         | 132     | 73     |            | 651          |
| Less Debt Service Attributable to Fire  | -2,276      | -1,661  | -614   |            |              |
| Total Allocated                         | 509,463     | 114,944 | 17,313 | 21,718     | 355,488      |

# Table 3A – 2019 Cost Allocation

| 2018 Fire Protection Costs (\$000)  | Before<br>Capitalization |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Fire Share of Water Base Costs@.005 | 575                      |
| Fire Share of Peak Costs@1.58%      | 273                      |

|   | 2020 Actual | Water          | Water        | Water  | Wastewater & |
|---|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------|--------------|
| Category                                | (\$000)     | Base           | Peak         | Other  | Storm/CSO    |
| Operating Expense                       |             |                |              |        |              |
| Wastewater Operations                   |             |                |              |        |              |
| Wastewater Treatment Operations         | 69,432      |                |              |        | 69,43        |
| Process Engineering                     | 6,557       |                |              |        | 6,55         |
| Maintenance Services                    | 18,690      |                |              |        | 18,69        |
| Engineering                             |             |                |              |        |              |
| Engineering and Technical Services      | 21,328      | 5,182          | 2,272        | 1,009  | 12,86        |
| CIP Infrastructure Management           | 1,453       | 353            | 155          | 69     | 87           |
| Wastewater Engineering                  | 2,617       |                |              |        | 2,61         |
| Permits                                 | 3,385       | 911            | 400          |        | 2,074        |
| Water Operations                        |             |                |              |        |              |
| Water Purchase                          | 31,696      | 31,696         |              |        |              |
| Other Water Operations                  | 28,134      | 19,558         | 8,576        |        |              |
| Pumping and Sewer Operations            | 34,328      | 9,241          | 4,052        |        | 21,03        |
| Customer Experience                     | 30,902      | -,             | .,           | 15,451 | 15,45        |
| Clean Rivers                            | 1,927       |                |              | 10,101 | 1,927        |
| Administration                          | 68,987      | 18,439         | 4,257        | 4,553  | 41,73        |
| Less: Fire O&M                          | -9,436      | -6,560         | -2,876       | 4,000  | 41,70        |
|   | -0,400      | -0,000         | -2,070       |        |              |
| Debt Service                            |             |                |              |        |              |
| Jennings Randolph Bonds                 | 805         | 491            | 314          |        |              |
| 1998 Revenue Bonds                      | 19,360      | 3,542          | 2,266        |        | 13,55        |
| Capital Equipment Financing             | 0           | 0,042          | 2,200        |        | 10,002       |
| Series 2007A Subordinate Bond           | 0           | 0              | 0            |        |              |
| Series 2007A Subordinate Bond           | 0           | 0              | 0            |        |              |
| Series 2009A Revenue Bond               | 0           | 0              | 0            |        |              |
| Series 2009A Revenue Bond               | 15,836      |                | -            |        | 12,340       |
|   |             | 2,132<br>1,363 | 1,364<br>872 |        | 12,34        |
| Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond | 19,991      |                | 50           |        | 1,11         |
| Series 2013A Subordinate Bond           | 1,244       | 78             | 50           |        |              |
| Series 2014A Revenue Bond               | 16,788      | 4 004          | 4 055        |        | 16,78        |
| Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond        | 31,129      | 1,961          | 1,255        |        | 27,914       |
| Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond         | 19,366      | 2,186          | 1,399        |        | 15,78        |
| Series 2016 Subordinate Bond            | 16,909      | 1,909          | 1,221        |        | 13,779       |
| Series 2016B Subordinate Bond           | 855         | 82             | 53           |        | 720          |
| Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond       | 17,777      | 1,710          | 1,094        |        | 14,97        |
| Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond            | 18,277      | 3,690          | 2,361        |        | 12,220       |
| Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond         | 6,879       | 1,003          | 642          |        | 5,23         |
| Series 2019C Subordinate Bond           | 1,572       | 229            | 147          |        | 1,190        |
| Series 2019D Subordinate Bond           | 11,319      | 1,651          | 1,057        |        | 8,61         |
| Series 2022A Subordinate Bond           | 286         | 47             | 30           |        | 209          |
| Commercial Paper                        | 297         | 49             | 31           |        | 21           |
| EMCP                                    | 365         | 60             | 38           |        | 26           |
| Less Debt Service Attributable to Fire  | -2,439      | -1,780         | -659         |        |              |
|   |             |                |              |        |              |
| Total Allocated                         | 506,617     | 99,223         | 30,370       | 21,081 | 355,942      |

# Table 3B – 2020 Cost Allocation

| 2020 Fire Protection Costs (\$000)  | Before<br>Capitalization |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Fire Share of Water Base Costs@.005 | 496                      |
| Fire Share of Peak Costs@1.70%      | 517                      |

|   | 2021 Actual | Water   | Water  | Water  | Wastewater & |
|---|-------------|---------|--------|--------|--------------|
| Category                                | (\$000)     | Base    | Peak   | Other  | Storm/CSO    |
| Operating Expense                       |             |         |        |        |              |
| Wastewater Operations                   |             |         |        |        |              |
| Wastewater Treatment Operations         | 70,050      |         |        |        | 70,050       |
| Process Engineering                     | 5,870       |         |        |        | 5,870        |
| Maintenance Services                    | 19,047      |         |        |        | 19,047       |
| Engineering                             | - , -       |         |        |        | - , -        |
| Engineering and Technical Services      | 21,451      | 5,068   | 2,429  | 1,015  | 12,939       |
| CIP Infrastructure Management           | 3,675       | 868     | 416    | 174    | 2,217        |
| Wastewater Engineering                  | 2,384       |         |        |        | 2,384        |
| Permits                                 | 3,949       | 1,064   | 510    |        | 2,375        |
| Water Operations                        |             |         |        |        |              |
| Water Purchase                          | 33,135      | 33,135  |        |        |              |
| Other Water Operations                  | 29,803      | 20,146  | 9,657  |        |              |
| Pumping and Sewer Operations            | 35,654      | 9,606   | 4,605  |        | 21,443       |
| Customer Experience                     | 28,389      |         |        | 14,195 | 14,195       |
| Clean Rivers                            | 2,602       |         |        |        | 2,602        |
| Administration                          | 73,418      | 20,042  | 5,052  | 4,412  | 43,912       |
| Less: Fire O&M                          | -10,056     | -6,798  | -3,258 | ,      | ,            |
|   |             |         |        |        |              |
| Debt Service                            |             |         |        |        |              |
| Jennings Randolph Bonds                 | 805         | 491     | 314    |        |              |
| 1998 Revenue Bonds                      | 21,390      | 3,913   | 2,504  |        | 14,973       |
| Capital Equipment Financing             | 0           | 0       | 0      |        | 0            |
| Series 2007A Subordinate Bond           | 0           | 0       | 0      |        | 0            |
| Series 2008A Subordinate Bond           | 0           | 0       | 0      |        | 0            |
| Series 2009A Revenue Bond               | 0           | 0       | 0      |        | 0            |
| Series 2010A Revenue Bond               | 14,608      | 1,967   | 1,258  |        | 11,383       |
| Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond | 20,046      | 1,367   | 874    |        | 17,805       |
| Series 2013A Subordinate Bond           | 0           | 0       | 0      |        | 0            |
| Series 2014A Revenue Bond               | 16,829      |         |        |        | 16,829       |
| Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond        | 30,400      | 1,915   | 1,225  |        | 27,260       |
| Series 2015A, B Subordinate Bond        | 24,714      | 2,790   | 1,785  |        | 20,139       |
| Series 2016 Subordinate Bond            | 16,979      | 1,917   | 1,227  |        | 13,836       |
| Series 2016B Subordinate Bond           | 428         | 41      | 26     |        | 360          |
| Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond       | 17,819      | 1,714   | 1,097  |        | 15,009       |
| Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond            | 18,312      | 3,697   | 2,365  |        | 12,250       |
| Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond        | 7,620       | 1,112   | 711    |        | 5,797        |
| Series 2019C Subordinate Bond           | 1,741       | 254     | 163    |        | 1,325        |
| Series 2019D Subordinate Bond           | 12,302      | 1,795   | 1,148  |        | 9,359        |
| Series 2022A Subordinate Bond           | 0           |         |        |        |              |
| WIFIA Loan                              | 736         | 146     | 94     |        | 496          |
| Commercial Paper                        | 62          | 12      | 8      |        | 42           |
| EMCP                                    | 87          | 17      | 11     |        | 58           |
| Less Debt Service Attributable to Fire  | -2,309      | -1,686  | -623   |        |              |
| Total Allocated                         | 521,941     | 104,594 | 33,598 | 19,794 | 363,954      |

# Table 3C – 2021 Cost Allocation

| 2021 Fire Protection Costs (\$000)  | Before<br>Capitalization |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Fire Share of Water Base Costs@.005 | 523                      |
| Fire Share of Peak Costs@1.69%      | 568                      |

| CategoryOperating ExpenseWastewater OperationsWastewater Treatment OperationsProcess EngineeringMaintenance ServicesEngineeringEngineering and Technical ServicesCIP Infrastructure ManagementWastewater EngineeringPermitsWater OperationsWater OperationsWater OperationsPumping and Sewer OperationsOther Water OperationsCustomer ExperienceClean RiversAdministrationLess: Fire O&MLess: Fire O&M-Debt ServiceJennings Randolph Bonds1998 Revenue BondsCapital Equipment FinancingSeries 2007A Subordinate BondSeries 2009A Revenue BondSeries 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate BondSeries 2014A Revenue BondSeries 2014A, Revenue BondSeries 2015A,B Subordinate BondSeries 2015A,B Subordinate BondSeries 2015A,B Subordinate BondSeries 2016 Subordinate Bond  | Actual<br>(\$000)<br>83,179<br>6,453<br>20,363<br>19,801<br>4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667<br>0 | Water<br>Base<br>4,717<br>1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204 | Water<br>Peak<br>2,204<br>477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317<br>771 | Water<br>Other<br>937<br>203<br>13,912<br>4,412 | Wastewater &<br>Storm/CSO<br>83,175<br>6,455<br>20,363<br>11,944<br>2,587<br>2,537<br>2,537<br>2,457<br>13,912<br>3,364<br>49,910<br>14,252<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| Operating Expense         Wastewater Operations         Wastewater Operations         Process Engineering         Maintenance Services         Engineering         Engineering and Technical Services         CIP Infrastructure Management         Wastewater Engineering         Permits         Water Operations         Water Purchase         Other Water Operations         Pumping and Sewer Operations         Customer Experience         Clean Rivers         Administration         Less: Fire O&M         Debt Service         Jennings Randolph Bonds         1998 Revenue Bonds         Capital Equipment Financing         Series 2007A Subordinate Bond         Series 2010A Revenue Bond         Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond         Series 2014A Revenue Bond         Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond         Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond         Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond   | 83,179<br>6,453<br>20,363<br>19,801<br>4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667                                | 4,717<br>1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204                                      | 2,204<br>477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   | 937<br>203<br>13,912                            | 83,179<br>6,453<br>20,363<br>11,944<br>2,587<br>2,537<br>2,457<br>23,479<br>13,912<br>3,364<br>49,910   |
| Wastewater Operations<br>Wastewater Treatment Operations<br>Process Engineering<br>Maintenance Services<br>Engineering and Technical Services<br>CIP Infrastructure Management<br>Wastewater Engineering<br>Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>Obt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond   | 6,453<br>20,363<br>19,801<br>4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667                                     | 1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   | 203<br>13,912                                   | 6,45<br>20,36<br>11,94<br>2,58<br>2,53<br>2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,91   |
| Wastewater Treatment Operations<br>Process Engineering<br>Maintenance Services<br>Engineering<br>Engineering and Technical Services<br>CIP Infrastructure Management<br>Wastewater Engineering<br>Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>Debt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond  | 6,453<br>20,363<br>19,801<br>4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667                                     | 1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   | 203<br>13,912                                   | 6,45<br>20,36<br>11,94<br>2,58<br>2,53<br>2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,91   |
| Process Engineering<br>Maintenance Services<br>Engineering<br>Engineering and Technical Services<br>CIP Infrastructure Management<br>Wastewater Engineering<br>Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>Debt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014, B-1, B-2, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A, Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022 Subordinate Bond  | 6,453<br>20,363<br>19,801<br>4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667                                     | 1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   | 203<br>13,912                                   | 6,45<br>20,36<br>11,94<br>2,58<br>2,53<br>2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,91   |
| Maintenance Services<br>Engineering<br>Engineering and Technical Services<br>CIP Infrastructure Management<br>Wastewater Engineering<br>Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>Pebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017A & B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017A & B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017A A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017A & B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017A & B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017A & B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A, Subordinate Bond<br>Series       | 20,363<br>19,801<br>4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   | 203<br>13,912                                   | 20,36<br>11,94<br>2,58<br>2,53<br>2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,910<br>14,25   |
| Engineering<br>Engineering and Technical Services<br>CIP Infrastructure Management<br>Wastewater Engineering<br>Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017A & B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D, Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond  | 19,801<br>4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   | 203<br>13,912                                   | 11,94<br>2,58<br>2,53<br>2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,910   |
| Engineering and Technical Services<br>CIP Infrastructure Management<br>Wastewater Engineering<br>Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond | 4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   | 203<br>13,912                                   | 2,58<br>2,53<br>2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,910  |
| CIP Infrastructure Management<br>Wastewater Engineering<br>Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>Debt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A, B-1, B-2, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond   | 4,289<br>2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 1,022<br>968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 477<br>452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   | 203<br>13,912                                   | 2,58<br>2,53<br>2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,910  |
| Wastewater Engineering<br>Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 2,531<br>3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | 968<br>33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204   | 452<br>9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317  | 13,912  | 2,53<br>2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,91<br>14,25  |
| Permits<br>Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>Pebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond   | 3,877<br>33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204   | 9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   | 2,45<br>23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,91<br>14,25  |
| Water Operations<br>Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M   | 33,345<br>30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | 33,345<br>20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204   | 9,627<br>4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   | 23,47<br>13,91<br>3,36<br>49,910<br>14,25<br>(  |
| Water Purchase<br>Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022 Subordinate Bond  | 30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | 20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   | 13,912<br>3,364<br>49,910<br>14,252   |
| Other Water Operations<br>Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>-<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond  | 30,231<br>37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | 20,604<br>9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   | 13,91:<br>3,36<br>49,910<br>14,25   |
| Pumping and Sewer Operations<br>Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond  | 37,049<br>27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | 9,249<br>20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 4,321<br>5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   | 13,912<br>3,364<br>49,910<br>14,252   |
| Customer Experience<br>Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond   | 27,824<br>3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 20,491<br>-7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 5,007<br>-3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317  |   | 13,912<br>3,364<br>49,910<br>14,252   |
| Clean Rivers<br>Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M<br>-<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A, Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond  | 3,364<br>79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | -7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | -3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317  |   | 3,364<br>49,910<br>14,252<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(   |
| Administration<br>Less: Fire O&M -<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond   | 79,820<br>10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | -7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | -3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317  | 4,412   | 49,910<br>14,252<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(  |
| Less: Fire O&M -<br>ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond  | 10,358<br>805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | -7,059<br>491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | -3,298<br>314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317  | 4,412   | 14,25   |
| ebt Service<br>Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond   | 805<br>20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | 491<br>3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204   | 314<br>2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317  |   |   |
| Jennings Randolph Bonds<br>1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond   | 20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   |   |
| 1998 Revenue Bonds<br>Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014A, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond  | 20,360<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 3,725<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 2,383<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   |   |
| Capital Equipment Financing<br>Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond   | 0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   | (   |
| Series 2007A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 0<br>0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 0<br>0<br>0<br>1,317   |   | 11,91   |
| Series 2008A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 0<br>0<br>15,291<br>17,667   | 0<br>0<br>2,059<br>1,204  | 0<br>0<br>1,317  |   | 11,91   |
| Series 2009A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 0<br>15,291<br>17,667  | 0<br>2,059<br>1,204   | 0<br>1,317   |   | 11,91   |
| Series 2010A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 15,291<br>17,667   | 2,059<br>1,204  | 1,317  |   | 11,91   |
| Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 17,667   | 1,204   |  |   | 11,91   |
| Series 2013A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | · ·  |   | 771  |   |   |
| Series 2014A Revenue Bond<br>Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 0  | -   | 111  |   | 15,69   |
| Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | ~  | 0   | 0  |   | (   |
| Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 16,849   |   |  |   | 16,84   |
| Series 2016 Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 28,646   | 1,804   | 1,155  |   | 25,68   |
| Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 22,638   | 2,556   | 1,635  |   | 18,44   |
| Series 2016B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond<br>Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 17,039   | 1,924   | 1,231  |   | 13,88   |
| Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 0  | 0   | 0  |   |   |
| Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond<br>Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 17,846   | 1,717   | 1,098  |   | 15,03   |
| Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 18,326   | 3,699   | 2,367  |   | 12,25   |
| Series 2019C Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 7,625  | 1,112   | 712  |   | 5,80  |
| Series 2019D Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 1,741  | 254   | 163  |   | 1,32  |
| Series 2022A Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 12,303   | 1,795   | 1,148  |   | 9,36  |
| Series 2022B Subordinate Bond<br>Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond   | 1,445  | 388   | 248  |   | 81  |
| Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond  | 2,078  | 557   | 357  |   | 1,16  |
|   | 4,659  | 1,249   | 799  |   | 2,61  |
|   | 4,000<br>92  | 25  | 16   |   | 5   |
| Series 2022D Subordinate Bond   | 2,215  | 594   | 380  |   | 1,24  |
| Series 2022E Subordinate Bond   | 1,509  | 405   | 259  |   | 84  |
| WIFIA Loan  | 94   | 25  | 16   |   | 5   |
|   | 287  | 23<br>77  | 49   |   | 16 <sup>-</sup>   |
| Commercial Paper<br>EMCP  | 267  | 68  | 49<br>43   |   | 16<br>14  |
| Less Debt Service Attributable to Fire  | /://   | -1,762  | -652   |   | 14  |
| otal Allocated 5  | -2,413   | 10- 0   | 34,600   | 19,463  | 387,757   |
| Befc  |  | 107,302   |  |   |   |
| 022 Fire Protection Costs (\$000) Capitali  | -2,413<br>49,123   | 107,302   |  |   |   |
| ire Share of Water Base Costs@.005<br>ire Share of Peak Costs@1.83%   | -2,413<br>49,123   | 107,302   |  |   |   |

## Table 3D – 2022 Cost Allocation

| Catagoni                                | 2023 Revised   | Water   | Water   | Water  | Wastewater & |
|---|----------------|---------|---------|--------|--------------|
| Category                                | Budget (\$000) | Base    | Peak    | Other  | Storm/CSO    |
| Operating Expense                       |                |         |         |        |              |
| Wastewater Operations                   |                |         |         |        |              |
| Wastewater Treatment Operations         | 97,013         |         |         |        | 97,013       |
| Process Engineering                     | 6,979          |         |         |        | 6,979        |
| Maintenance Services                    | 20,498         |         |         |        | 20,498       |
| Clean Water and Technology              | 3,728          |         |         |        | 3,728        |
| Resource Recovery                       | 5,645          |         |         |        | 5,645        |
| Engineering                             |                |         |         |        |              |
| Engineering and Technical Services      | 23,337         | 5,583   | 2,573   | 1,104  | 14,07        |
| CIP Infrastructure Management           | 5,034          | 1,204   | 555     | 238    | 3,03         |
| Wastewater Engineering                  | 3,432          |         |         |        | 3,43         |
| Permits                                 | 4,428          | 1,062   | 489     |        | 2,87         |
| Water Operations                        |                |         |         |        |              |
| Water Purchase                          | 40,334         | 40,334  |         |        |              |
| Other Water Operations                  | 31,861         | 21,809  | 10,052  |        |              |
| Pumping and Sewer Operations            | 37,350         | 8,957   | 4,129   |        | 24,26        |
| Customer Experience                     | 31,331         |         |         | 15,666 | 15,66        |
| Clean Rivers                            | 4,119          |         |         | , -    | 4,11         |
| Administration                          | 93,510         | 23,430  | 5,282   | 5,047  | 59,75        |
| Less: Fire O&M                          | -11,877        | -8,129  | -3,747  | - , -  | , -          |
|   | ,              | 0,120   | 0,1 11  |        |              |
| Debt Service                            |                |         |         |        |              |
| Jennings Randolph Bonds                 | 805            | 491     | 314     |        |              |
| 1998 Revenue Bonds                      | 21,019         | 3,845   | 2,460   |        | 14,71        |
| Capital Equipment Financing             | 0              | 0,040   | 2,400   |        | 14,71        |
| Series 2007A Subordinate Bond           | 0              | 0       | 0       |        |              |
| Series 2008A Subordinate Bond           | 0              | 0       | 0       |        |              |
| Series 2009A Revenue Bond               | 0              | 0       | 0       |        |              |
| Series 2009A Revenue Bond               | 17,774         | 2,393   | 1,531   |        | 13,85        |
| Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond | 0              |         | 1,551   |        |              |
|   | -              | 0       |         |        |              |
| Series 2013A Subordinate Bond           | 0              | 0       | 0       |        |              |
| Series 2014A Revenue Bond               | 16,742         | 4 000   | 4 4 5 0 |        | 16,74        |
| Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond        | 28,577         | 1,800   | 1,152   |        | 25,62        |
| Series 2015A,B Subordinate Bond         | 20,350         | 2,297   | 1,470   |        | 16,58        |
| Series 2016 Subordinate Bond            | 16,940         | 1,912   | 1,224   |        | 13,80        |
| Series 2016B Subordinate Bond           | 0              | 0       | 0       |        |              |
| Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond       | 17,733         | 1,706   | 1,091   |        | 14,93        |
| Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond            | 18,229         | 3,680   | 2,355   |        | 12,19        |
| Series 2019A, B Subordinate Bond        | 7,583          | 1,106   | 708     |        | 5,76         |
| Series 2019C Subordinate Bond           | 1,732          | 253     | 162     |        | 1,31         |
| Series 2019D Subordinate Bond           | 12,241         | 1,786   | 1,143   |        | 9,31         |
| Series 2022A Subordinate Bond           | 16,204         | 4,346   | 2,781   |        | 9,07         |
| Series 2022B Subordinate Bond           | 3,893          | 1,044   | 668     |        | 2,18         |
| Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond          | 8,921          | 2,393   | 1,531   |        | 4,99         |
| Series 2022C2 Subordinate Bond          | 177            | 47      | 30      |        | g            |
| Series 2022D Subordinate Bond           | 10,599         | 2,843   | 1,819   |        | 5,93         |
| Series 2022E Subordinate Bond           | 2,892          | 776     | 496     |        | 1,62         |
| WIFIA Loan                              | 391            | 126     | 80      |        | 18           |
| Commercial Paper                        | 1,414          | 455     | 291     |        | 66           |
| EMCP                                    | 1,637          | 526     | 337     |        | 77           |
| Less Debt Service Attributable to Fire  | -2,444         | -1,784  | -660    |        | 11           |
| Fotal Allocated                         | 620,130        | 126,289 | 40,317  | 22,055 | 431,47       |
|   | 020,130        | 120,209 | 40,317  | 22,005 | 431,47       |

# Table 3E – 2023 Cost Allocation

|                                     | Before         |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| 2023 Fire Protection Costs (\$000)  | Capitalization |
| Fire Share of Water Base Costs@.005 | 631            |
| Fire Share of Peak Costs@1.83%      | 736            |

| Coto and                                | 2024 Approved            | Water   | Water  | Water  | Wastewater |
|---|--------------------------|---------|--------|--------|------------|
| Category                                | (\$000)                  | Base    | Peak   | Other  | Storm/CSO  |
| Operating Expense                       |                          |         |        |        |            |
| Wastewater Operations                   |                          |         |        |        |            |
| Wastewater Treatment Operations         | 96,277                   |         |        |        | 96,2       |
| Process Engineering                     | 8,065                    |         |        |        | 8,0        |
| Maintenance Services                    | 23,147                   |         |        |        | 23,1       |
| Clean Water and Technology              | 5,090                    |         |        |        | 5,0        |
| Resource Recovery                       | 6,538                    |         |        |        | 6,5        |
| Engineering                             | - ,                      |         |        |        | - ) -      |
| Engineering and Technical Services      | 23,349                   | 5,586   | 2,575  | 1,104  | 14,0       |
| CIP Infrastructure Management           | 5,549                    | 1,327   | 612    | 262    | 3,3        |
|   | 3,746                    | 1,527   | 012    | 202    | 3,7        |
| Wastewater Engineering                  |                          | 4 000   | 040    |        |            |
| Permits                                 | 5,475                    | 1,328   | 612    |        | 3,5        |
| Water Operations                        |                          |         |        |        |            |
| Water Purchase                          | 44,039                   | 44,039  |        |        |            |
| Other Water Operations                  | 32,278                   | 22,094  | 10,184 |        |            |
| Pumping and Sewer Operations            | 42,703                   | 10,355  | 4,773  |        | 27,        |
| Customer Experience                     | 32,472                   | -       |        | 16,236 | 16,        |
| Clean Rivers                            | 4,219                    |         |        | ,      | 4,2        |
| Administration                          | 100,981                  | 25,698  | 5,688  | 5,339  | 64,2       |
|   |                          |         |        | 5,559  | 04,        |
| Less: Fire O&M                          | -12,254                  | -8,388  | -3,866 |        |            |
| ebt Service                             |                          |         |        |        |            |
| Jennings Randolph Bonds                 | 805                      | 491     | 314    |        |            |
| 1998 Revenue Bonds                      | 2,381                    | 436     | 279    |        | 1,0        |
| Capital Equipment Financing             | 0                        | 0       | 0      |        |            |
| Series 2007A Subordinate Bond           | 0                        | 0       | 0      |        |            |
| Series 2008A Subordinate Bond           | 0                        | 0       | 0      |        |            |
| Series 2009A Revenue Bond               | 0                        | 0       | 0      |        |            |
|   | -                        | -       | -      |        |            |
| Series 2010A Revenue Bond               | 15,276                   | 2,057   | 1,316  |        | 11,        |
| Series 2012A,B-1,B-2,C Subordinate Bond | 0                        | 0       | 0      |        |            |
| Series 2013A Subordinate Bond           | 0                        | 0       | 0      |        |            |
| Series 2014A Revenue Bond               | 16,849                   |         |        |        | 16,        |
| Series 2014B, C Subordinate Bond        | 20,049                   | 1,263   | 808    |        | 17,        |
| Series 2015A, B Subordinate Bond        | 20,548                   | 2,320   | 1,484  |        | 16,        |
| Series 2016 Subordinate Bond            | 17,039                   | 1,924   | 1,231  |        | 13,        |
| Series 2016B Subordinate Bond           | 0                        | 0       | 0      |        | ,          |
| Series 2017 A&B Revenue Bond Bond       | 17,849                   | 1,717   | 1,099  |        | 15         |
|   |                          |         |        |        | 15,        |
| Series 2018 A&B Revenue Bond            | 18,326                   | 3,700   | 2,367  |        | 12,2       |
| Series 2019A,B Subordinate Bond         | 7,625                    | 1,112   | 712    |        | 5,         |
| Series 2019C Subordinate Bond           | 1,741                    | 254     | 163    |        | 1,         |
| Series 2019D Subordinate Bond           | 12,305                   | 1,795   | 1,149  |        | 9,         |
| Series 2022A Subordinate Bond           | 36,943                   | 9,907   | 6,339  |        | 20,        |
| Series 2022B Subordinate Bond           | 3,979                    | 1,067   | 683    |        | 2,         |
| Series 2022C1 Subordinate Bond          | 8,921                    | 2,393   | 1,531  |        | 4,9        |
| Series 2022C2 Subordinate Bond          | 177                      | 47      | 30     |        | ч,         |
| Series 2022C2 Subordinate Bond          | 10,649                   | 2,856   | 1,827  |        | 5,9        |
|   |                          | -       | -      |        |            |
| Series 2022E Subordinate Bond           | 2,891                    | 775     | 496    |        | 1,0        |
| WIFIA Loan                              | 2,244                    | 722     | 462    |        | 1,0        |
| Commercial Paper                        | 2,148                    | 691     | 442    |        | 1,0        |
| EMCP                                    | 2,890                    | 929     | 595    |        | 1,3        |
| Less Debt Service Attributable to Fire  | -2,638                   | -1,926  | -712   |        |            |
| tal Allocated                           | 640,672                  | 136,568 | 43,191 | 22,942 | 437,9      |
|   | Deferre                  |         |        |        |            |
| 24 Fire Protection Costs (\$000)        | Before<br>Capitalization |         |        |        |            |
| e Share of Water Base Costs@.005        | 683                      |         |        |        |            |
| Fire Share of Water Base Costs@.005     | 683                      |         |        |        |            |

# Table 3F – 2024 Cost Allocation

Fire Share of Water Base Costs@.005683Fire Share of Peak Costs@1.83%789

#### 5.3 Supporting Information for Table 5

The tables presented below convert public and private customer values into equivalent connections based on the diameter of the fire connections for 2019 to 2023 (it is assumed that all hydrants have a six inch connection). The values presented for 2023 are again used for 2024 and each year thereafter.

|                                     | Number in | Demand | Equivalent  |            |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------------|
| Fire Hydrants                       | Service   | Factor | Connections | % of Total |
| <b>2019</b><br>Public Fire Hydrants | 9,771     | 111.31 | 1,087,610   | 75.93%     |
| Private Fire Hydrants               | 1,298     | 111.31 | 144,480     | 10.09%     |
| Private Fire Lines (Estimated)      | 1,800     | 111.31 | 200,358     | 13.99%     |
| Total Public and Private            | 12,869    |        | 1,432,448   | 100.00%    |
| 2020                                |           |        |             |            |
| Public Fire Hydrants                | 9,711     | 111.31 | 1,080,931   | 75.83%     |
| Private Fire Hydrants               | 1,296     | 111.31 | 144,258     | 10.12%     |
| Private Fire Lines (Estimated)      | 1,800     | 111.31 | 200,358     | 14.05%     |
| Total Public and Private            | 12,807    |        | 1,425,547   | 100.00%    |
| <b>2021</b><br>Public Fire Hydrants | 9,810     | 111.31 | 1,091,951   | 76.02%     |
| Private Fire Hydrants               | 1,294     | 111.31 | 144,035     | 10.03%     |
| Private Fire Lines (Estimated)      | 1,800     | 111.31 | 200,358     | 13.95%     |
| Total Public and Private            | 12,904    |        | 1,436,344   | 100.00%    |
| 2022<br>Dublia Fira Hydranta        | 9,830     | 111.31 | 1 004 177   | 76.07%     |
| Public Fire Hydrants                | 9,630     | 111.31 | 1,094,177   | 76.07%     |
| Private Fire Hydrants               | 1,293     | 111.31 | 143,924     | 10.01%     |
| Private Fire Lines (Estimated)      | 1,800     | 111.31 | 200,358     | 13.93%     |
| Total Public and Private            | 12,923    |        | 1,438,459   | 100.00%    |
| 2023                                |           |        |             |            |
| Public Fire Hydrants                | 9,844     | 111.31 | 1,095,736   | 76.09%     |
| Private Fire Hydrants               | 1,294     | 111.31 | 144,035     | 10.00%     |
| Private Fire Lines (Estimated)      | 1,800     | 111.31 | 200,358     | 13.91%     |
| Total Public and Private            | 12,938    |        | 1,440,129   | 100.00%    |

Table 5A – 2019 through 2023 Equivalent Fire Connections

#### 5.4 Fire-Related Capitalization Policy

The fire hydrant is an asset tracked by DC Water Department of Water Operations. The asset includes both the visible and below ground mechanical parts. The below ground parts are connected to the fire hydrant lead pipe (pipe that connects the fire hydrant to the main) and terminate at the safety flange. All but two to six inches of this portion of the fire hydrant is below ground. The visible parts are connected at the safety flange and are referred to as the top section.

Water Operations performs tasks that increase the life of the asset to 30 years (meeting capitalization requirements) by meeting the criteria agreed upon by FEMS and DC Water in the MOU signed in 2013. These tasks include the following:

- Upgrading the 4 inch nozzle to 4.5 inches.
- Replacing the top section of the hydrant (does not involve construction).
- Replacing the entire fire hydrant assembly (involves construction).

Additionally, Water Operations provides maintenance of all hydrants in the public space. This is accomplished by providing preventative maintenance and upgrades to existing fire hydrants. Preventative maintenance consists of but is not limited to the following:

- Replacing key nuts, bolts, caps, nozzles, gaskets, chains.
- Repairing operating assembly, damaged threads.
- Painting and other aesthetic maintenance.

These tasks are operational and do not increase the life of the asset but do help it achieve its intended useful life.

Valves are assets that are also tracked by Water Operations. Control valves are used to isolate flow to fire hydrants without impacting customers. The Department of Water Operations performs tasks that help preserve the useful life of the asset. This task is exercising the valve during the annual unidirectional flow program. This is an operational task. Furthermore, daily tasks associated with designing valve shuts and providing oversight to those who operate the valves in support of the fire hydrant program are considered to be operating expenses.

#### 5.5 Allocation Ratios for Capitalization

The following table illustrates the allocation ratios that were used in computing debt service attributable to hydrant installation and restoration costs that are assumed to be financed through DC Water debt obligations and not funded through PAYGO.

| Bond                | Bond Proceeds           | Paygo % | Cumulative Fire<br>Costs Not Funded<br>via PAYGO | Allocation |
|---------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|------------|
|                     |                         | 10      |  |            |
| 2006                |                         | 22%     | 144,445  |            |
|                     |                         |         |  |            |
| 2007A               | 231,550,000             |         |  |            |
| 2007B               | 58,450,000              | 6%      | 4,554,391  |            |
| 2008 Total          | 290,000,000             |         | 4,698,836  | 1.62%      |
| 2008A               | Refunding               | 0%      | 13,545,049                                       |            |
| 2009 Total          | 290,000,000             | • / •   | 18,243,885                                       | 6.29%      |
|                     | ,                       |         |  | 0.2070     |
| 2009A               | 299,033,760             | 4%      | 11,029,212                                       |            |
| 2010 Total          | 589,033,760             |         | 29,273,097                                       | 4.97%      |
|                     |                         |         |  |            |
| 2010A               | 287,219,747             | 11%     | 4,595,778  |            |
| 2011 Total          | 876,253,507             |         | 33,868,875                                       | 3.87%      |
|                     |                         | 4.07    |  |            |
|                     | No Bond Issued          | 1%      | 2,699,084  | 4 4 - 0 4  |
| 2012 Total          | 876,253,507             |         | 36,567,959                                       | 4.17%      |
| 2012A               | 202,951,631             |         |  |            |
| 2012A<br>2012B1, B2 | 97,050,144              |         |  |            |
| 2012D1, D2<br>2012C | Refunding               | 7%      | 2,513,958  |            |
| 2013 Total          | 1,176,255,282           | 1 70    | 39,081,917                                       | 3.32%      |
| 2010 1010           | 1,170,200,202           |         | 00,001,017                                       | 0.0270     |
| 2013A               | 298,920,565             | 9%      | 1,441,563  |            |
| 2014 Total          | 1,475,175,847           | • • •   | 40,523,480                                       | 2.75%      |
|                     |                         |         | . ,  |            |
| 2014A               | 346,002,729             |         |  |            |
| 2014B               | 99,521,298              |         |  |            |
| 2014C               | Refunding               | 4%      | 448,933  |            |
| 2015 Total          | 1,920,699,874           |         | 40,972,414                                       | 2.13%      |
|                     | 101 150 011             | 0.40/   | 0.17.00.4  |            |
| 2015A/B             | 404,453,241             | 24%     | 217,891  | 4 770/     |
| 2016 Total          | 2,325,153,115           |         | 41,190,305                                       | 1.77%      |
| 2016A               | Pofunding               |         |  |            |
| 2016A<br>2016B      | Refunding<br>25,000,000 | 12%     | 176,643  |            |
| 2010B<br>2017 Total | 2,350,153,115           | I∠ /0   | 41,366,948                                       | 1.76%      |
|                     | 2,330,133,113           |         | 41,300,940                                       | 1.7070     |

# Table 9A – Allocation Ratio

| 2017AB              | 332,372,567                  | 19%  | 773,291                      |       |
|---------------------|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|-------|
| 2018 Total          | 2,682,525,682                |      | 42,140,238                   | 1.57% |
| 2018 AB             | 346,672,033                  | 19%  | 742,055                      |       |
| 2019 Total          | 3,029,197,715                |      | 42,882,294                   | 1.42% |
| ·                   | No Bond Issued               | 60%  | 306,167                      |       |
| 2020 Total          | 3,029,197,715                |      | 43,188,460                   | 1.43% |
| 2019A               | 125,000,000                  |      |                              |       |
| 2019B<br>2019C      | 75,000,000<br>100,000,000    |      |                              |       |
| 2019C<br>2019D      | Refunding                    | 29%  | 778,273                      |       |
| 2021 Total          | 3,329,197,715                |      | 43,966,733                   | 1.32% |
| 2021 Bonds          | No Bond Issued               | 57%  | 252,813                      |       |
| 2022 Total          | 3,329,197,715                |      | 44,219,546                   | 1.33% |
| 2022A               | Refunding                    |      |                              |       |
| 2022B               | 100,000,000                  |      |                              |       |
| 2022C               | 125,000,000                  |      |                              |       |
| 2022D               | 75,000,000                   | 070/ |                              |       |
| 2022E<br>2023 Total | 100,000,000<br>3,729,197,715 | 27%  | <u>460,573</u><br>44,680,120 | 1.20% |
| 2023 10181          | 3,729,197,715                |      | 44,080,120                   | 1.20% |
| 2023 Bonds          | No Bond Issued               | 62%  | 351,017                      |       |
| 2024 Total          | 3,729,197,715                |      | 45,031,137                   | 1.21% |
| 2024 Bonds          | No Bond Issued               | 59%  | 383,763                      |       |
| 2025 Total          | 3,729,197,715                |      | 45,414,899                   | 1.22% |
| 2025 Bonds          | 325,000,000                  | 28%  | 696,905                      |       |
| 2026 Total          | 4,054,197,715                |      | 46,111,804                   | 1.14% |
| 2026 Bonds          | 460,620,000                  | 24%  | 762,075                      |       |
| 2027 Total          | 4,514,817,715                |      | 46,873,879                   | 1.04% |
| 2027 Bonds          | 404,627,000                  | 28%  | 745,329                      |       |
| 2028 Total          | 4,919,444,715                |      | 47,619,208                   | 0.97% |

#### Notes:

1. Source: Sources and Uses tables from the Official Statements.

2. 2024-2027 Bond proceeds and fire costs are projected.